Kikoch

SAFETY DATA SHEET

KOCH FERTILIZER CANADA, ULC

1. Identification			
Product identifier	Ammonium Thiosulphate Solution		
Other means of identification			
Product code	KFC ATS CA EN		
Synonyms	Ammonium thiosulphate * ATS * Ammonium hyposulfite * Thiosulfuric acid, diammonium salt * 11-0-0-24 * 12-0-0-26S		
Recommended use	Fertiliser.		
Recommended restrictions	None known.		
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier	r/Distributor information		
Company name Address	Koch Fertilizer Canada ULC 1400 17th Street East Brandon MB R7A 7C4 CA		
Telephone	204-729-2900		
E-mail	kochmsds@kochind.com		
Emergency phone number	For Chemical EmergencyCall CHEMTREC day/nightUSA1.800.424.9300Emergency Assist Response1.204.729.2999To Request SDS1.316.828.7672		
2. Hazard identification			
Physical hazards	Not classified.		
Health hazards	Not classified.		
Environmental hazards	Not classified.		
Label elements			
Hazard symbol	None.		
Signal word	None.		
Hazard statement	The mixture does not meet the criteria for classification.		
Precautionary statements			
Prevention	Observe good industrial hygiene practices.		
Response	Wash hands after handling.		
Storage	Store away from incompatible materials.		
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.		
Other hazards	None known.		
Supplemental information	None.		

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	<mark>%</mark> 40 - 70	
Ammonium thiosulphate	7783-18-8		
Water	7732-18-5	30 - 60	
Ammonium sulfite	10196-04-0	1 - 5	
Ammonium hydroxide	1336-21-6	< 2	

Ammonium sulfate	7783-20-2 < 2	_	
Composition comments	All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume. This Safety Data Sheet is not a guarantee of product specification or NPK value(s). NPK conten on specified sales orders, customer invoices, or product specification sheets obtained from supplier.		
4. First-aid measures			
nhalation	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.		
Skin contact	Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.		
Eye contact	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.		
ngestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.		
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.		
ndication of immediate nedical attention and special reatment needed	Treat symptomatically.		
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions protect themselves.	to	
5. Fire-fighting measures			
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).		
Jnsuitable extinguishing nedia	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.		
Specific hazards arising from he chemical	Heating may cause the release of ammonia vapors. NH3 (16-25%) may form flammable mi with air. If heated beyond dryness, some hydrogen sulfide gas may be given off.	xture	
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated ir the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.		
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Mo containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.		
General fire hazards	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.		
6. Accidental release meas	ures		
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Ensure adequate ventilation authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal prote see section 8 of the SDS.		
Methods and materials for	Prevent product from entering drains.		
containment and cleaning up	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following produce very, flush area with water.		
	Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly remove residual contamination.	to	
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of th	ie SD	
Environmental precautions	Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prev further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or on ground.		
7. Handling and storage			
Precautions for safe handling	Avoid prolonged exposure. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protect equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.		
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in original tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see section	on 1(

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components	Туре	Value
Ammonium hydroxide (CAS 1336-21-6)	STEL	35 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
Decomposition	Туре	Value
Ammonia (CAS 7664-41-7)	STEL	35 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Decomposition	Health & Safety Code, Sch Type	nedule 1, Table 2) Value
 Ammonia (CAS 7664-41-7)	STEL	24 mg/m3
	OTEL	35 ppm
	TWA	17 mg/m3
	IWA	-
		25 ppm
Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Oc Safety Regulation 296/97, as amende		s for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and
Components	Туре	Value
Ammonium hydroxide (CAS	STEL	35 ppm
1336-21-6)	TWA	25 ppm
Decomposition	Туре	Value
Ammonia (CAS 7664-41-7)	STEL	35 ppm
Ammonia (CAS 7604-41-7)	TWA	
		25 ppm
Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/20 Components	06, The Workplace Safety / Type	And Health Act) Value
Ammonium hydroxide (CAS 1336-21-6)	STEL	35 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
Decomposition	Туре	Value
Ammonia (CAS 7664-41-7)	STEL	35 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
Canada Ontario OELs (Control of E		• • • • · · ·
	xposure to Biological or Ch	nemical Agents)
Components	xposure to Biological or Ch Type	nemical Agents) Value
Components Ammonium hydroxide (CAS	Туре	Value
Components Ammonium hydroxide (CAS	Type STEL	Value 35 ppm
Components Ammonium hydroxide (CAS 1336-21-6)	Type STEL TWA	Value 35 ppm 25 ppm
Components Ammonium hydroxide (CAS 1336-21-6) Decomposition	Type STEL TWA Type	Value 35 ppm 25 ppm Value
Components Ammonium hydroxide (CAS 1336-21-6) Decomposition	Type STEL TWA Type STEL TWA	Value 35 ppm 25 ppm Value 35 ppm 25 ppm 25 ppm
Components Ammonium hydroxide (CAS 1336-21-6) Decomposition Ammonia (CAS 7664-41-7) Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of L Decomposition	Type STEL TWA Type STEL TWA abor - Regulation respectin Type	Value 35 ppm 25 ppm Value 35 ppm 25 ppm 25 ppm 25 ppm value Value
Components Ammonium hydroxide (CAS 1336-21-6) Decomposition Ammonia (CAS 7664-41-7) Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of L	Type STEL TWA Type STEL TWA .abor - Regulation respection	Value 35 ppm 25 ppm Value 35 ppm 25 ppm 24 mg/m3
Components Ammonium hydroxide (CAS 1336-21-6) Decomposition Ammonia (CAS 7664-41-7) Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of L Decomposition	Type STEL TWA Type STEL TWA abor - Regulation respectin Type	Value 35 ppm 25 ppm Value 35 ppm 25 ppm 25 ppm 25 ppm Value Value

Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Observe Occupational Exposure Limits and minimize the risk of inhalation of vapors and spray mist. Provide eyewash station.				
Individual protection measures	, such as personal protective equipment				
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).				
Skin protection					
Hand protection	Chemical resistant gloves are recommended. Be aware that the liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent change is advisable. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.				
Other	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.				
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Wear air supplied respiratory protection if exposure concentrations are unknown. In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of vapours, use suitable respiratory equipment.				
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.				
General hygiene considerations	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.				

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear liquid.
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Colour	Clear.
Odour	Slight ammonia.
Odour threshold	Not available.
рН	8
Melting point/freezing point	-5 °C (23 °F)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	Not available.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapour pressure	Not available.
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density	1.325
Relative density temperature	21.11 °C (70 °F)
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Completely soluble.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidising properties	Not oxidising.
Percent volatile	1 %

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non reactive under normal conditions of storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Stable under normal temperature conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Heat. Extreme temperatures.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidising agents. Acids. Alkalis. Zinc. Water reactive materials.
Hazardous decomposition products	Ammonia. Sulphur oxides. Ammonium sulfate. Nitrogen oxides. Hydrogen sulfide.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

mormation on likely routes of e	-			
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.			
Skin contact	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.			
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.			
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.			
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritati	ion.		
Information on toxicological effe	ects			
Acute toxicity	May cause discomfort if swallowed.			
Components	Species	Test Results		
Ammonium hydroxide (CAS 1336-	21-6)			
Acute				
Oral				
LD50	Rat	350 mg/kg		
Ammonium sulfate (CAS 7783-20-	2)			
<u>Acute</u>				
Inhalation LC50	Rat	> 1000 mg/m3, 8 hours		
	INGL			
Oral LD50	Rat	2840 mg/kg		
Ammonium sulfite (CAS 10196-04				
Animonium sume (CAS 10190-04 Acute	0 /			
Inhalation				
Dust				
LC50	Guinea pig	> 400 mg/m³, 1 hours		
Ammonium thiosulphate (CAS 778	33-18-8)			
<u>Acute</u>				
Dermal				
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours		
Inhalation				
Dust	Pat			
LC66	Rat	> 2260 mg/m3, 4 Hours		
Oral LD50	Rat	2800 mg/kg		
		2890 mg/kg		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation			
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.			
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	n			
Respiratory sensitisation	Not a respiratory sensitiser.			
Skin sensitisation	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitisation.			

Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.		
Carcinogenicity	Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.		
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.		
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.		
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.		
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.		

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components		Species	Test Results	
Ammonium hydroxide (CAS	1336-21-6)			
Aquatic				
Crustacea	LC50	Daphnia magna	0.66 mg/l, 48 hours	
Ammonium sulfate (CAS 778	33-20-2)			
Fish	LC50	Salmo gairdneri	173 mg/l, 96 hours	
Aquatic				
Algae	EC50	Chlorella vulgaris	2700 mg/l, 18 days	
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 100 mg/l, 96 hours	
Ammonium thiosulphate (CA	S 7783-18-8)			
Aquatic				
Acute				
Crustacea	LC50	Daphnia magna	101 mg/l, 48 Hours	
Fish	LC50	Pimephales promelas	96.2 mg/l, 96 Hours	
Chronic				
Algae	EC50	Chlorella vulgaris	2700 mg/l, 18 days	
sistence and degradability	No data ava	ilable.		
accumulative potential	No data available.			
oility in soil	This product	This product is water soluble and may disperse in soil.		
er adverse effects		o other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation otential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.		

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose in accordance with applicable regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

TDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

ΙΑΤΑ

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Not established. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Canadian regulations

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

- Kyoto Protocol
- Not applicable.
- Montreal Protocol
 - Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information

Issue date	26-June-2018
Revision date	-
Version No.	01

Disclaimer

EPA: AQUIRE database HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices NOTICE: The information presented herein is based on data considered to be accurate as of the date of preparation of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and was prepared pursuant to Government regulation(s) that identify specific types of information to be provided. This SDS may not be used as a commercial specification sheet of manufacturer or seller, and no warranty or representation, expressed or implied, is made as to the accuracy or comprehensiveness of the foregoing data and safety information, nor is any authorization given or implied to practice any patented invention without a license. Additional information may be needed to evaluate other uses of the product, including use of the product in combination with any materials or in any processes other than those specifically referenced. Information provided herein with respect to any hazards that may be associated with the product is not meant to suggest that use of the product in a given application will necessarily result in any exposure or risk to workers or the general public. No responsibility can be assumed by vendor for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use, from any failure to adhere to recommended practices, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the product. Purchasers and users assume all risk of use, storage and handling of the product in compliance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations. Purchasers and users of the product specifically should advise all of their employees, agents, contractors and customers who will use the product of this (M)SDS.



Safety Data Sheet

Classified according to the UN-GHS as adopted in the US Hazard Communication Standard (HCS 2012), the Canada Hazardous Products Regulations (WHMIS 2015) and Mexico NOM-018-STPS-2015 Revision Date: 28 September 2018 Date of issue: 28 September 2018 Supersedes Date: 1 September 2015 Version: 2.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Name: Urea Ammonium Nitrate Solution - 28%, 30%, 32% N (UAN)
CAS No: 15978-77-5
REACH No.: N/A - mixture
Synonyms: UAN (28, 30, and 32% N), Liquid nitrogen fertilizer
STCC: 2871313
1.2. Intended Use of the Product
Uses of the substance/mixture: Fertilizer
Uses advised against: Consumer use
1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party
Company
CF Industries
4 Parkway North, Suite 400
Descripted Wire is COD45, 2500

Deerfield, Illinois 60015-2590 847-405-2400 www.cfindustries.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : 800-424-9300

For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, call CHEMTREC – Day or Night

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture
Classification (GHS-US)
Eye Irrit. 2A H319
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16
2.2. Label Elements
GHS-US Labeling
Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US) :
GHS07 Signal Word (GHS-US) : Warning

Signal word (GHS-US)	: warning
Hazard Statements (GHS-US)	: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)	: P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
	P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.
	P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove
	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

2.3. Other Hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

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SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances				
Name	Product Identifier	REACH	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
		Registration No.		
Urea Ammonium Nitrate	(CAS No) 15978-77-5	N/A mixture	100	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Contains	Product Identifier		% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
Ammonium nitrate	(CAS No) 6484-52-2	01-2119490981-	35.7 - 48	Ox. Sol. 3, H272
		27-0111		Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Urea	(CAS No) 57-13-6	01-2119463277-	28.5 - 38	Not classified
		33-0135		
Water	(CAS No) 7732-18-5	N/A	19.4 -	Not classified
			31.1	

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First Aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Causes eye irritation.

Inhalation: May cause irritation to the respiratory tract.

Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation.

Eye Contact: Causes eye irritation. Symptoms may include: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, tearing, and blurred vision. **Ingestion:** Ammonium Nitrate: Ingestion may cause methemoglobinemia. Intial manifestation of methemoglobinemia is cyanosis, characterized by navy lips, tongue and mucous membranes, with skin color being slate grey. Further manifestation is characterized by headache, weakness, dyspnea, dizziness, stupor, respiratory distress and death due to anoxia. If ingested, nitrates may be reduced to nitrites by bacteria in the digestive tract. Signs and symptoms of nitrite poisoning include methemoglobinemia, nausea, dizziness, increased heart rate, hypotension, fainting and possibly shock.

Chronic Symptoms: Overexposure to this material may result in methemoglobinemia.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. Hot Ammonium Nitrate burns skin, allowing rapid absorption of Ammonium Nitrate through the skin and toxic effects can occur quite rapidly. Causes methemoglobinemia – emergency response should treat appropriately, such as by intravenous administration of methylene blue.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Contains substances that are oxidizers when in solid form. May cause fire or explosion if allowed to dry. **Explosion Hazard:** May be explosive in contact with flammable or organic substances and confinement during fire.

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Reactivity: Accelerates the rate of burning materials. Oxidizer if allowed to dry.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Under fire conditions closed containers may rupture or explode.

Firefighting Instructions: Do not allow product to evaporate to dryness. For fires beyond the incipient stage, emergency responders in the immediate hazard area should wear bunker gear. Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done with minimal risk. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done with minimal risk. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors. Cool equipment exposed to fire with water, if it can be done with minimal risk.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. **Hazardous Combustion Products**: Nitrogen oxides. Ammonia. Toxic vapors. Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂).

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. No smoking. Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor, mist, or spray.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Eliminate ignition sources.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Stop leak if safe to do so. Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. **Methods for Cleaning Up:** Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: When the water in UAN evaporates, residue may include solid ammonium nitrate and urea. When sensitized or during decomposition, solid ammonium nitrate may become unstable and/or explosive. UAN pumps operated with blocked discharge have been known to detonate. Smothering, contact with organic material, or combustible material may cause an explosive situation. Thoroughly wash out pipes, tanks, or valves before welding or burning. Residual solidified ammonium nitrate may explode under high temperatures and confinement. Heating above 140°F will promote hydrolysis. Extreme cold (< 32 °F) may cause crystallization of the product. Do not allow liquid to evaporate, as solid ammonium nitrate residue can explode. Precautions for Safe Handling: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid all eye and skin contact, and do not breathe vapor and mist.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Any proposed use of this product in elevated-temperature processes should be thoroughly evaluated to assure that safe operating conditions are established and maintained. Ventilate confined spaces before entering. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Comply with applicable regulations.

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Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool, and well-ventilated place. Keep in fireproof place. Store locked up. Store away from oxidizers, combustible materials, and all ignition sources. Protect container(s) against corrosion, physical damage, and extreme temperatures. Detached outside storage is preferable. May be corrosive to some metals.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Chlorine. Hypochlorites. Metallic powders. Combustible materials. Chromates. Zinc. Copper and its alloys. Chlorates.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Fertilizer

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government.

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Gas detectors should be used when toxic gases may be released. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Use explosion-proof equipment. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Provide sufficient ventilation to keep ammonia vapors below the permissible exposure limit.

Personal Protective Equipment: Gloves. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. Protective clothing.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and Body Protection: Chemical resistant suit. Rubber apron, boots.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. **Other Information:** When using, do not eat, drink, or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Cher	mio	cal Properties
Physical State	:	Liquid
Appearance	:	Colorless liquid
Odor	:	Little or no detectable ammonia odor
Odor Threshold	:	Not available
рН	:	6.5 - 7.8
Evaporation Rate	:	Not available
Melting Point	:	0°F (-18°C) for 28%N; 16°F (-9°C) for 30%N; 32°F (0°C) for 32%N (salt out temperature)
Freezing Point	:	Not available
Boiling Point	:	> 100 °C (> 212 °F)
Flash Point	:	Not available
Auto-ignition Temperature	:	Not available
Decomposition Temperature	:	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available
Lower Flammable Limit	:	Not available
Upper Flammable Limit	:	Not available
Vapor Pressure	:	0.11 - 0.06 psia (28%, 32% respectively) @60°F (15.6°C) due to water component

Safety Data Sheet

Classified according to the UN-GHS as adopted in the US Hazard Communication Standard (HCS 2012), the Canada Hazardous Products Regulations (WHMIS 2015) and Mexico NOM-018-STPS-2015

Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C	:	Not available
Relative Density	:	10.67 lbs/gal (28%N); 10.86 lbs/gal (30%N); 11.08 lbs/gal (32% N)
Specific Gravity	:	1.281 (28%N); 1.304 (30%N); 1.330 (32%N) @60°F (16°C)
Solubility	:	Miscible
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	:	Urea: -1.59, Ammonium Nitrate: -3.1
Viscosity	:	3.6 cP (28%N); 6.1 cP (32%N) @40°F (4.4°C)
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	:	Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact.
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge	:	Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to static discharge.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

Accelerates the rate of burning materials. Oxidizer if allowed to dry.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Heat. Sparks. High pressures- explodes if heated under confinement. Do not allow product to dry out. When the water in UAN evaporates, residue may include solid ammonium nitrate and urea. When sensitized or during decomposition, solid ammonium nitrate may become unstable and/or explosive. UAN pumps operated with blocked discharge have been known to detonate.

10.5. Incompatible Materials

Strong acids. UAN will form urea nitrate when mixed with nitric acid at low pH. Urea nitrate may become unstable and/or explosive under certain conditions. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Chlorine. Hypochlorites. UAN will form nitrogen trichloride, which may be explosive, when mixed with chlorine and hypochlorite. Metallic powders. Combustible materials. Chromates. Zinc. Copper and its alloys. Chlorates.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

Nitrogen oxides. Ammonia. Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). When the water in UAN evaporates, residue may include solid ammonium nitrate and urea. When sensitized or during decomposition, solid ammonium nitrate may become unstable and/or explosive. UAN pumps operated with blocked discharge have been known to detonate.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects - Product Acute Toxicity: Not classified LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified pH: 6.5 - 7.8 Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation. pH: 6.5 - 7.8 Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified Teratogenicity: Not classified Carcinogenicity: Not classified Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified Aspiration Hazard: Not classified Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: May cause irritation to the respiratory tract. Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation.

Safety Data Sheet

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Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes eye irritation. Symptoms may include: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, tearing, and blurred vision.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ammonium Nitrate: Ingestion may cause methemoglobinemia. Intial manifestation of methemoglobinemia is cyanosis, characterized by navy lips, tongue and mucous membranes, with skin color being slate grey. Further manifestation is characterized by headache, weakness, dyspnea, dizziness, stupor, respiratory distress and death due to anoxia. If ingested, nitrates may be reduced to nitrites by bacteria in the digestive tract. Signs and symptoms of nitrite poisoning include methemoglobinemia, nausea, dizziness, increased heart rate, hypotension, fainting and possibly shock.

Chronic Symptoms: Overexposure to this material may result in methemoglobinemia.

11.2. Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Water (7732-18-5)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 90000 mg/kg
Urea (57-13-6)	
LD50 Oral Rat	8471 mg/kg
Ammonium nitrate (6484-52-2)	
LD50 Oral Rat	2217 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 88.8 mg/l/4h

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

No additional information available

Urea (57-13-6)	
LC50 Fish 1	16200 - 18300 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Poecilia reticulata)
EC50 Daphnia 1	3910 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
•	

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

	7
Urea Ammonium Nitrate Solution- 28%,	30%, 32% N (UAN) (15978-77-5)
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

IL.S. Diouccumulative i oten		
Urea Ammonium Nitrate Solution- 28%, 30%, 32% N (UAN) (15978-77-5)		
Log Pow	-1.14	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.	
Urea (57-13-6)		
BCF Fish 1	< 10	
Log Pow	-1.59 (at 25 °C)	
Ammonium nitrate (6484-52-2)		
BCF Fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)	
Log Pow	-3.1 (at 25 °C)	

12.4. Mobility in Soil

Not available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Sewage Disposal Recommendations: Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and its container in a safe way.

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Not regulated for transport

14.2. In Accordance with IMDG

Not regulated for transport

14.3. In Accordance with IATA

Not regulated for transport

14.4. In Accordance with TDG

Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Urea Ammonium Nitrate Solution - 28%, 30%, 32% N (UAN) (15978-77-5)

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Immediate (acute) health hazard

Water (7732-18-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Urea (57-13-6)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Ammonium nitrate (6484-52-2)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. US State Regulations

Urea (57-13-6)

U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

Ammonium nitrate (6484-52-2)

U.S. - California - Toxic Air Contaminant List (AB 1807, AB 2728)

U.S. - Delaware - Accidental Release Prevention Regulations - Sufficient Quantities

U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities

- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Groundwater Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 1
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Groundwater Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 2
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Reportable Quantity
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Soil Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 1
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Soil Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 2
- RTK U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- RTK U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - New Jersey - Special Health Hazards Substances List

RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List

RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term

15.3. Canadian Regulations

Urea Ammonium Nitrate Solution- 28%, 30%, 32% N (UAN) (15978-77-5)

WHMIS Classification Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects



Safety Data Sheet

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Water (7732-18-5)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	omestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria	
Urea (57-13-6)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	omestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria		
Ammonium nitrate (6484-52-	2)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	omestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class C - Oxidizing Material	
	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects	

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

Revision Date	29 September 2018
Revision Comments	: This document has undergone extensive revisions and should be reviewed in its entirety
GHS Full Text Phrases:	
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Ox. Sol. 3	Oxidizing solids Category 3
H272	May intensify fire; oxidizer
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
NFPA Rating	
Health Hazard	 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt medical attention is given.
Fire Hazard	: 0 - Materials that will not burn.
Reactivity	: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.
HMIS III Rating	
Health	: 2 Moderate Hazard – Temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	: 0 Minimal Hazard
Physical	: 0 Minimal Hazard

Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

CF Industries, Corporate EHS Department, 847-405-2400

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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